SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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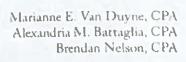
Independent Auditor's Report

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PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
Smithtown Central School District

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Smithtown Central School District (the "District"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in District's total other post-employment benefits liability, schedule of District's contributions and related ratios, and schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) on pages 1 through 14 and 70 through 74, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP Islandia, NY October 5, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Smithtown Central School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- On the District-Wide Financial Statements, revenues increased by 4.35% mainly due to an increase in charges for services, operating grants and contributions, real property taxes and other tax items, state sources, and use of money and property, partially offset by a decrease in miscellaneous revenues.
- On the District-Wide Financial Statements, expenses increased by 9.98% primarily due to an increase in general support, instruction, pupil transportation, and debt service-interest expenses.
- The District's total net position, as reflected in the District-Wide Financial Statements, decreased by \$557,017.
- On the Fund Financial Statements, the District's fund balance in the general fund decreased by \$71,863 due to expenditures and other financing uses exceeding revenues and other financing sources based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- On May 16, 2023, the proposed 2023-24 general fund budget in the amount of \$280,642,272 was authorized by the District's residents. This is an increase of \$12,855,390 or 4.8% over the previous year's budget. The increase was primarily due to an increase in personnel costs, employee benefits, instruction, and special education costs.
- On October 4, 2022 the District issued \$37,000,000 in serial bonds with a par amount of \$34,310,000 as part of the \$120 million bond referendum that was approved by voters on September 28, 2021, in connection with various districtwide capital improvements. The bonds bear an interest rate of 4.00% 5.00%, and included a net premium on issuance of \$2,694,805.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

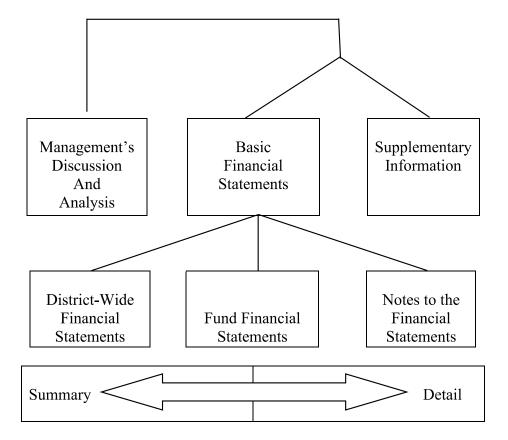
This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-Wide Financial Statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *Fund Financial Statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-Wide Financial Statements.

- The *Governmental Fund Statements* tell how basic services such as instruction and support functions were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others, including the employees of District.

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information about the basic financial statements and the balances reported. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. The following table shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report



The following table summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		Governmental	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others, such as employee benefits
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual and	Accrual accounting
measurement focus	economic resources	current financial resources	and economic
	measurement focus	measurement focus	resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any), both short-term and long-term; these funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

A) <u>District-Wide Financial Statements:</u>

The District-Wide Financial Statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-Wide Financial Statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the financial health or position of the District.

- Over time, increases and decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets and intangible lease assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase, finance, or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation and amortization are not calculated as it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets, intangible lease assets, and long-term debt are all accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-Wide Financial Statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets and intangible lease assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets, amortize intangible lease assets, and allocate the depreciation and amortization to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - *Net investment in capital assets;*
 - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments) or approved by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and

• *Unrestricted net position* includes net amounts that do not meet any of the above restrictions.

B) Fund Financial Statements:

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-Wide Financial Statements, additional information in a separate reconciliation schedule explains the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, miscellaneous special revenue fund, and capital projects fund. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.
- Fiduciary fund: The District is the trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-Wide Financial Statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. This fund reports certain retiree benefits offered to retirees through Section 41(j) of the New York Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL), as well as employee flex spending accounts administered by a third party.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A) Net Position:

The District's total net deficit increased by \$557,017 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as detailed below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

				Total
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase/	Percentage
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	Change
Current assets	\$110,279,463	\$79,730,310	\$30,549,153	38.32%
Non-current assets	154,556,055	149,816,188	4,739,867	3.16%
Net pension asset - proportionate share	-	111,867,668	(111,867,668)	N/A
Total Assets	264,835,518	341,414,166	(76,578,648)	(22.43%)
Deferred outflows of resources	133,033,101	150,585,309	(17,552,208)	(11.66%)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		_	_	
of Resources	397,868,619	491,999,475	(94,130,856)	(19.13%)
Current liabilities	22,624,291	20,178,691	2,445,600	12.12%
Long-term liabilities	416,148,899	426,383,648	(10,234,749)	(2.40%)
Total Liabilities	438,773,190	446,562,339	(7,789,149)	(1.74%)
Deferred inflows of resources	154,203,754	239,988,444	(85,784,690)	(35.75%)
Total Liabilities and Deferred				
Inflows o Resources	592,976,944	686,550,783	(93,573,839)	(13.63%)
Net Position (deficit)		_	_	
Net investment in capital assets	119,195,119	113,600,920	5,594,199	4.92%
Restricted	40,755,632	40,992,467	(236,835)	(0.58%)
Unrestricted (deficit)	(355,059,076)	(349,144,695)	(5,914,381)	(1.69%)
Total Net Position (deficit)	(\$195,108,325)	(\$194,551,308)	(\$557,017)	(0.29%)
			·	

Current assets increased by \$30,549,153 from prior year primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents in the capital fund due to the proceeds and premium on the bond issuance in the current year. Non-current assets increased by \$4,739,867. This was attributable to current year capital asset and intangible lease asset additions, partially offset by current year depreciation, amortization, and reduction in lease receivable for principal payments received.

The District's net pension asset – proportionate share for pension systems decreased by \$111,867,668 as a result of the actuarial valuations provided by the State resulting in a net pension liability in 2022-2023, compared with a net pension asset in 2021-2022.

The change in deferred outflows of resources represents amortization of the deferred amounts on refundings as discussed in Note 14, amortization of pension-related items as discussed in Note 15, as well as the amortization of deferred outflows for other post-employment benefits obligation, as discussed in Note 17.

Current liabilities increased by \$2,445,600. This was primarily attributable to increases in accounts payable, due to employees' retirement system, and due to teachers' retirement system, partially offset by decreases in accrued liabilities and compensated absences payable. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$10,234,749, which was primarily attributable to decreases in the total other post-employment

benefits obligation, and energy performance contract payable due to repayment of principal, partially offset by increases in bonds payable, compensated absences payable, and the addition of the net pension liabilities.

The change in deferred inflows of resources represents current year lease principal revenue received, as discussed in Note 8, amortization of pension related items, as discussed in Note 15, and the amortization of deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits obligation, as discussed in Note 17.

The net investment in capital assets relates to the investment in capital assets (at cost) and intangible lease assets (at the present value of future lease payments remaining on the lease term) such as land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization, and related debt. This number increased from the prior year by \$5,594,199 due to capital asset and intangible asset additions and a reduction in the related outstanding debt, partially offset by current year depreciation and amortization expense.

The restricted net position at June 30, 2023, relates to the District's reserves and restricted amounts for scholarships and donations and capital projects. Restricted net position decreased by \$236,835 primarily due to decreases in the employee benefits accrued liability reserve, employees' retirement system (ERS) reserve, and workers compensation reserve, partially offset by increases in the teachers' retirement system (TRS) reserve, liability reserve, insurance reserve, capital reserve, and unemployment insurance reserve.

The unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2023 of \$355,059,076 relates to the balance of the District's net position. The unrestricted (deficit) increased by \$5,914,381.

B) Changes in Net Position:

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of this Statement for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

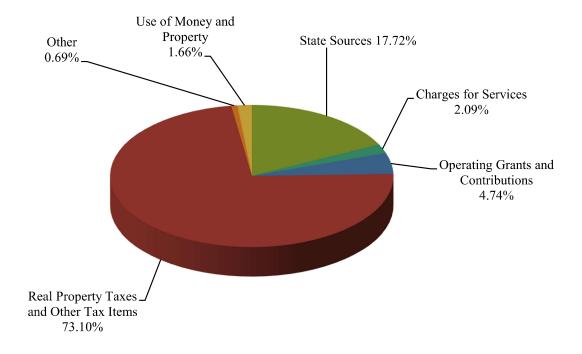
Change in Net Position from Operating Results

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$5,958,643	\$4,337,281	\$1,621,362	37.38%
Operating grants and contributions	13,529,509	11,979,693	1,549,816	12.94%
General Revenues				
Real property taxes and other tax items	208,401,028	205,817,926	2,583,102	1.26%
State sources	50,510,724	48,084,881	2,425,843	5.04%
Use of money and property	4,719,587	559,108	4,160,479	744.13%
Other	1,958,895	2,416,511	(457,616)	(18.94%)
Total Revenues	285,078,386	273,195,400	11,882,986	4.35%
Expenses				
General support	31,519,207	30,373,219	1,145,988	3.77%
Instruction	228,002,724	206,897,670	21,105,054	10.20%
Pupil transportation	19,841,350	18,617,892	1,223,458	6.57%
Debt service - interest	3,358,449	1,031,943	2,326,506	225.45%
Food service program	2,913,673	2,791,741	121,932	4.37%
Total Expenses	285,635,403	259,712,465	25,922,938	9.98%
Total Change in Net Position	(\$557,017)	\$13,482,935	(\$14,039,952)	(104.13%)

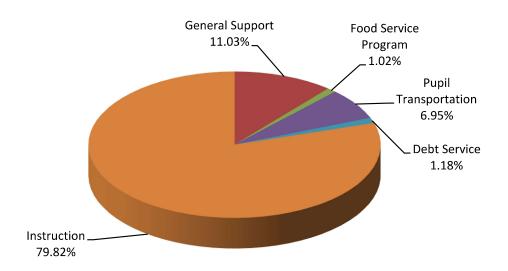
The District's fiscal year 2023 revenues totaled \$285,078,386. Real property taxes (including other tax items) and state sources accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 73.10% and 17.72%, respectively of total revenues. The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants and contributions, use of money and property, and other miscellaneous sources. Total revenues increased by \$11,882,986 or 4.35%. This was attributable to increases in charges for services, operating grants and contributions, real property taxes and other tax items, state sources, and use of money and property, partially offset by a decrease in other miscellaneous revenues.

The cost of all programs and services totaled \$285,635,403 for fiscal year 2023. These expenditures are predominantly related to general instruction and transporting students, which account for 86.77% of District expenses. The District's general support activities accounted for 11.03% of total costs. Total expenses increased by \$25,922,938, or 9.98%. This was primarily attributable to an increase in instruction expenses, which was primarily the result of the pension systems actuarial valuations provided by the State, which resulted in the District recognizing their proportionate share of the net pension liability for both systems, with the majority of the associated expense being allocated to instruction.

Revenues for Fiscal Year 2023



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2023



4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the Governmental Fund Financial Statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-Wide Financial Statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$83,924,089 which is an increase of \$28,136,649 from the prior year.

A summary of the changes in fund balance for all funds are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total Percentage Change
General Fund			,	<u> </u>
Nonspendable	\$110,329	\$100,000	\$10,329	10.33%
Restricted for employee benefit				
accrued liability	12,860,487	13,114,708	(254,221)	(1.94%)
Restricted for retirement contribution - ERS	11,819,658	13,871,368	(2,051,710)	(14.79%)
Restricted for retirement contribution - TRS	8,058,136	7,266,004	792,132	10.90%
Restricted for workers' compensation	2,328,126	3,048,965	(720,839)	(23.64%)
Restricted for liability	619,785	597,807	21,978	3.68%
Restricted for insurance	1,819,168	1,546,252	272,916	17.65%
Restricted for capital	3,097,794	1,300,000	1,797,794	138.29%
Restricted for unemployment insurance	44,700	40,466	4,234	10.46%
Assigned for general support	1,874,582	1,331,056	543,526	40.83%
Assigned for instruction	134,636	1,139,319	(1,004,683)	(88.18%)
Assigned - appropriated for subsequent				
years expenditures	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	0.00%
Unassigned	11,220,567	10,703,886	516,681	4.83%
Total Fund Balance - General Fund	55,487,968	55,559,831	(71,863)	(0.13%)
School Lunch Fund				
Nonspendable: inventory	98,388	72,243	26,145	36.19%
Assigned - unappropriated	1,451,211	1,124,106	327,105	29.10%
Total Fund Balance - School Lunch Fund	1,549,599	1,196,349	353,250	29.53%
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund				
Assigned - extraclassroom activities	402,847	361,425	41,422	11.46%
Restricted for scholarships and donations	107,778	101,433	6,345	6.26%
Total Fund Balance - Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	510,625	462,858	47,767	10.32%
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted for capital projects	-	105,464	(105,464)	(100.00%)
Unspent bond proceeds	27,108,824	_	27,108,824	N/A
Unassigned	(732,927)	(1,537,062)	804,135	(52.32%)
Total Fund Balance - Capital Projects Fund	26,375,897	(1,431,598)	27,807,495	(1942.41%)
Total Fund Balance - All Funds	\$83,924,089	\$55,787,440	28,136,649	50.44%

The District can attribute changes to fund balances and reserves primarily due to operating results and Board and voter approved transfers.

A) General Fund:

The fund balance in the general fund decreased \$71,863. Revenues and other financing sources increased \$8,957,527 or 3.46% compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in real property taxes, state sources, and uses of money and property, partially offset by a decrease in miscellaneous revenue.

Expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$9,521,576 or 3.68% compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in instruction, pupil transportation, employee benefits, and debt service interest expenditures, partially offset by a decrease in debt service principal.

B) School Lunch Fund:

The fund balance in the school lunch fund increased \$353,250. This is attributable to an increase in sales revenue, partially offset by a decrease in state and federal aid reimbursements as a result of the discontinuation of the free lunch to all students program that was being offered in the previous year by the Federal government as a response to the coronavirus pandemic.

C) Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund:

The fund balance in the miscellaneous special revenue fund increased by \$47,767. This increase is primarily due to revenues for extraclassroom activities, scholarship donations, and interest earnings exceeding expenditures for extraclassroom activities and scholarship awards.

D) Capital Projects Fund:

The fund balance in the capital projects fund increased by \$27,807,495. This increase is due to proceeds received from the issuance of serial bonds (including premium on issuance) in the amount of \$37,000,000, partially offset by the current year's capital outlay.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A) 2022-2023 Budget:

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$267,786,882. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$2,470,375 and budget revisions in the amount of \$215,391, which resulted in a final budget of \$270,472,648. The majority of the funding was real property taxes and other tax items of \$208,341,634.

B) Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual):

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is a component to total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and assignments to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as "Fund Balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

\$10,703,886
6,571,794
319,679
(3,365,000)
(10,329)
(1,499,463)
(1,500,000)
\$11,220,567

The opening unassigned fund balance of \$10,703,886 is the June 30, 2022 unassigned fund balance.

The revenues and other financing sources over budget in the amount of \$6,571,794 were primarily attributable to revenues over budget for use of money and property and state sources (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

The expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances under budget in the amount of \$319,679 were primarily attributable to the following expenditures: general support, instruction, and pupil transportation (see Supplemental Schedule #1 for detail).

The District funded the reserves in the amount of \$3,365,000 as follows: unemployment reserve was funded \$15,000, the ERS reserve was funded \$200,000, the TRS reserve was funded \$1,175,000, the dental insurance reserve was funded \$225,000 and the 2022 capital reserve was funded \$1,750,000.

The District had the following budget revisions approved for a net increase of \$215,391 to the 2022-2023 budget for the cost of expenditures from the related reserves: workers' compensation reserve for \$92,933, insurance reserve for \$8,931, ERS reserve for \$134,897, unemployment reserve for \$12,253, and employee benefits accrued liability reserve in the amount of (\$33,623). These budget revisions resulted in no net effect on ending unassigned fund balance.

Interest of \$1,499,463 was allocated to reserves as follows: \$112,093 to the workers' compensation reserve, \$1,488 to the unemployment insurance reserve, \$56,847 to the insurance reserve, \$482,156 to the employee benefit accrued liability reserve, \$21,978 to the liability reserve, \$509,975 to the ERS reserve, \$267,132 to the TRS reserve, and \$47,794 to the 2022 capital reserve.

The assigned, appropriated fund balance of \$1,500,000 at June 30, 2023 is the amount the District has chosen to use to partially fund its operating budget for 2023-24.

The District closed the 2022-2023 fiscal year with \$11,220,567 in unassigned fund balance. NYS Real Property Tax Law § 1318 restricts this number to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The District's unassigned fund balance is within the legal limit.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSETS, AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A) Capital Assets and Intangible Lease Assets:

The District paid for furniture and equipment, vehicles, and various additions and renovations during fiscal year 2023. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation is as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase	Percentage
Category	2023	2022	(Decrease) Cha	
Land	\$1,079,177	\$1,079,177	\$ -	0.00%
Construction in progress	10,624,101	3,677,658	6,946,443	188.88%
Buildings & building improvements	254,239,556	252,015,571	2,223,985	0.88%
Land improvement	7,954,537	7,947,562	6,975	0.09%
Furniture & equipment	12,882,069	12,485,009	397,060	3.18%
Vehicles	2,000,041	1,940,462	59,579	3.07%
Subtotal	288,779,481	279,145,439	9,634,042	3.45%
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	137,657,024	132,544,592	5,112,432	3.86%
Total Net Capital Assets, Net	\$151,122,457	\$146,600,847	\$4,521,610	3.08%
Intangible Lease Assets, Net	\$2,211,150	\$1,612,716	\$598,434	37.11%

Depreciation expense and loss on disposals was \$5,330,922 and amortization expense was \$364,509 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. See Note 10 to the financial statements for additional detail.

B) Long-Term Debt:

At June 30, 2023, the District had bonds payable inclusive of premiums of \$44,137,268, lease liability of \$137,956, and energy performance contract payable of \$17,187,077. The decreases in energy performance contract payable is due to principal payments made during the year. The increase in serial bonds is due to bonds issued in October 2022, partially offset by principal payments made on all serial bonds throughout the fiscal year. The increase in lease liability is due to additional leases taken in the 2022-2023 year, partially offset by principal payments made on lease liability. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the Note 13 to the financial statements.

A summary of outstanding debt at June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

			Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Serial bonds (inclusive of unamortized premiums)	\$44,137,268	\$15,879,645	\$28,257,623
Lease liability	137,956	114,187	23,769
Energy performance contract payable	17,187,077	18,942,553	(1,755,476)
Total	\$61,462,301	\$34,936,385	\$26,525,916

7. FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- A) The general fund budget for the 2023-2024 school year was approved by the voters in the amount of \$280,642,272. This is an increase of \$12,855,390 or 4.8% over the previous year's budget. The increase was primarily due to an increase in personnel costs, employee benefits, instruction, and special education costs.
- B) The District plans to close on a \$28 million public improvement serial bond in October of 2023, as the second borrowing related to a \$120 million bond referendum that was approved on September 28, 2021 in connection with various districtwide capital improvements. The first borrowing, in the amount of \$37 million, occurred in October of 2022. The bond referendum prioritizes safety and security, renovates and repairs aging facilities, and continues to provide opportunities for student success.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Smithtown Central School District
Mr. Andrew Tobin
Assistant Superintendent for Finance & Operations
26 New York Avenue
Smithtown, New York 11787
(631) 382-2115

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Restricted	
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted	
Unrestricted	
	\$27,309,327
	67,865,931
Receivables State and federal aid	9,659,162
Due from other governments	5,030,782
Accounts receivable	205,544
Prepaid expenditures	110,329
Inventory	98,388
Non Current Assets	
Receivable within one year	
Lease receivable	393,558
Receivable after one year	
Lease receivable	828,890
Capital assets	
Not being depreciated	11,703,278
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	139,419,179
Intangible lease assets, net of accumulated amortization TOTAL ASSETS	2,211,150
TOTAL ASSETS	264,835,518
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts on refundings	214,989
Other post-employment benefits	58,458,721
Pensions	74,359,391
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	133,033,101
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	4,496,669
Accrued liabilities	804,465
Due to other governments	2,953,550
Due to teachers' retirement system	12,124,960
Due to employees' retirement system	1,117,872
Due to fiduciary fund	30,014
Compensated absences payable	433,970
Student deposits	4,598
Accrued interest payable Unearned Credits	237,414
Collections in advance	420,779
Long-term liabilities	420,779
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable (inclusive of premiums)	6,238,151
Lease liability	49,681
Energy performance contract payable	1,808,081
Compensated absences payable	523,966
Retirement incentive payable	627,200
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable (inclusive of premiums)	37,899,117
	88,275
Lease liability	
Energy performance contract payable	15,378,996
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable	15,378,996 23,263,378
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation Liability	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation Liability Insurance	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Worker's compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects Unemployment insurance	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794 44,700
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794 44,700 107,778
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Worker's compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects Unemployment insurance	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794 44,700 107,778 40,755,632
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Worker's compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects Unemployment insurance	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794 44,700 107,778
Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Retirement incentive payable Workers' compensation claims payable Total other post-employment benefits obligation - SSEHP Total other post-employment benefits obligation - NYSHIP Net pension liability - proportionate share - employees' retirement system Net pension liability - proportionate share - teachers' retirement system TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Other post-employment benefits Pensions TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution - ERS Retirement contribution - TRS Workers' compensation Liability Insurance Capital projects Unemployment insurance Scholarships and donations	15,378,996 23,263,378 1,883,200 2,804,071 295,375,295 1,589,216 16,905,416 11,714,856 438,773,190 1,222,448 146,463,668 6,517,638 154,203,754 119,195,119 12,860,487 11,819,658 8,058,136 2,328,126 619,785 1,819,168 3,097,794 44,700 107,778 40,755,632

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Progra	m Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and
	_	Charges for	Operating Grants	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Net Position
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS				
General support	(\$31,519,207)			(\$31,519,207)
Instruction	(228,002,724)	\$3,842,322	\$12,404,300	(211,756,102)
Pupil transportation	(19,841,350)			(19,841,350)
Debt service-interest	(3,358,449)			(3,358,449)
Food service program	(2,913,673)	2,116,321	1,125,209	327,857
TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	(\$285,635,403)	\$5,958,643	\$13,529,509	(266,147,251)
Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimles State sources Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for less Miscellaneous Medicaid reimbursement TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				195,937,737 12,463,291 50,510,724 4,719,587 259,379 1,270,397 429,119 265,590,234
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(557,017)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR,				
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END O	F YEAR			(\$195,108,325)

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents							
Unrestricted	\$ 23,543,550	\$ 80,239	\$ 1,847,679	\$ 402,847	\$ 1,435,012	\$	27,309,327
Restricted	40,647,854			109,253	27,108,824		67,865,931
Receivables							
State and federal aid	6,226,058	3,427,224	5,880				9,659,162
Due from other governments	5,030,782			7.4			5,030,782
Due from other funds Accounts receivable	3,662,441		5 244	74			3,662,515
Leases Receivable	200,300 1,222,448		5,244				205,544 1,222,448
Prepaid expenditures	110,329						110,329
Inventory	110,529		98,388				98,388
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 80,643,762	\$ 3,507,463	\$ 1,957,191	\$ 512,174	\$ 28,543,836	\$	115,164,426
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCES	ES						
Payables							
Accounts payable	\$ 2,421,166	\$ 26,996	\$ 4,139	\$ 1,549	\$ 2,042,819	\$	4,496,669
Accrued liabilities	786,895	11,609	5,961				804,465
Due to other governments	2,951,451	1,958	141		125 120		2,953,550
Due to other funds	30,088	3,466,900	70,421		125,120		3,692,529
Due to teachers' retirement system	12,124,960						12,124,960
Due to employees' retirement system Compensated absences	1,117,872 433,970						1,117,872 433,970
Student deposits	4,598						4,598
Unearned credits	4,396						4,396
Collections in advance	93,849		326,930				420,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,964,849	3,507,463	407,592	1,549	2,167,939		26,049,392
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - general building aid restoration	3,968,497						3,968,497
Leases	1,222,448						1,222,448
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,190,945		-	-			5,190,945
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	110,329		98,388				208,717
Restricted							
Employee benefit accrued liability	12,860,487						12,860,487
Retirement contribution - ERS	11,819,658						11,819,658
Retirement contribution - TRS	8,058,136						8,058,136
Workers' compensation	2,328,126						2,328,126
Liability	619,785						619,785
Insurance	1,819,168						1,819,168
Capital projects	3,097,794						3,097,794
Unemployment insurance	44,700				27 100 024		44,700
Unspent bond proceeds				107 770	27,108,824		27,108,824
Scholarships and donations Assigned				107,778			107,778
Assigned Appropriated fund balance	1,500,000						1,500,000
Unappropriated fund balance	2,009,218		1,451,211	402,847			3,863,276
Unassigned	11,220,567		1,701,211	702,077	(732,927)		10,487,640
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	55,487,968		1,549,599	510,625	26,375,897		83,924,089
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 80,643,762	\$ 3,507,463	\$ 1,957,191	\$ 512,174	\$ 28,543,836	\$	115,164,426

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$83,924,089

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Deferred inflows of resources-The Statement of Net Position recognized revenues received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue under the modified accrual method.

Unavailable revenue - general building aid restoration

3,968,497

The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position include those capital assets among the assets of the district as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation \$288,779,481

(137,657,024)

151,122,457

2,211,150

The cost of leasing assets financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those leased assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their costs are amortized annually over their useful lives.

Cost of intangible lease assets Accumulated amortization \$2,802,788 (591,638)

Deferred inflows of resources- The Statement of Net Position recognizes revenues and expenditures under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues and expenditures under the modified accrual method. These amounts will be amortized in future years.

Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to pensions (\$146,463,668)

(6,517,638)

(152,981,306)

Deferred outflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes expenditures incurred under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize expenditures under the modified accrual method. Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB that will be recognized as expenditures in future periods amounted to

Deferred outflows related to total OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to pensions

Net pension liability - proportionate share (TRS)

\$58,458,721

74,359,391

(11,714,856)

132,818,112

Certain disbursements previously expended in the governmental funds relating to pensions are treated as long term assets and increase net position. The net pension asset-proportionate share at year-end for the teachers' retirement and employees' retirement systems were as follows:

The Statement of Net Position will amortize deferred amounts from bond refundings received over the life of the bond. Governmental funds record the deferred amounts in the year of issuance. The balance on deferred charges from refundings at June 30, 2023 was

214,989

Payables that are associated with long-term liabilities that are not payable in the current period are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Additional payables relating to long-term liabilities at year end consisted of accrued interest on bonds and energy performance contracts.

(237,414)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consisted of

Bonds payable, inclusive of premium (\$44,137,268) Lease liability (137,956)Energy performance contract payable (17,187,077)Compensated absences payable (23,787,344)Retirement incentive (2.510.400)Workers' compensation claims payable (2,804,071) Other post-employment benefits obligation (296,964,511) Net pension liability - proportionate share (ERS) (16,905,416)

(416,148,899)

Total Net Position (\$195,108,325)

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$195,937,737					195,937,737
Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement	12,463,291					12,463,291
Charges for services	2,473,703			1,368,619		3,842,322
Use of money and property	4,684,668		33,122	1,797		4,719,587
Forfeiture of deposits	100		,	-,,,,		100
Sale of property and						
compensation for loss	259,379					259,379
Miscellaneous	1,270,217		80	82,772		1,353,069
State sources	50,510,724	\$2,532,845	29,952			53,073,521
Federal sources	429,119	9,788,683	836,153			11,053,955
Surplus food			259,104			259,104
Sales - school lunch			2,116,321			2,116,321
TOTAL REVENUES	268,028,938	12,321,528	3,274,732	1,453,188		285,078,386
EXPENDITURES						
General support	25,182,306					25,182,306
Instruction	150,688,763	13,031,255		1,405,421		165,125,439
Pupil transportation	19,453,876					19,453,876
Employee benefits	58,319,333					58,319,333
Debt service - principal	9,816,660					9,816,660
Debt service - interest	3,948,977					3,948,977
Cost of sales			2,945,591			2,945,591
Capital outlay					9,224,508	9,224,508
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	267,409,915	13,031,255	2,945,591	1,405,421	9,224,508	294,016,690
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)	(10.000	(500 505)	220 141	45.505	(0.004.500)	(0.020.204)
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	619,023	(709,727)	329,141	47,767	(9,224,508)	(8,938,304)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Proceeds from bond issuance					34,310,000	34,310,000
Premium on bond issuance					2,690,000	2,690,000
Operating transfers in	42,950	709,727	24,109			776,786
Operating transfers (out) Leases	(733,836)				(42,950) 74,953	(776,786) 74,953
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(690,886)	709,727	24,109		37,032,003	37,074,953
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(71,863)	-	353,250	47,767	27,807,495	28,136,649
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR,	55,559,831		1,196,349	462,858	(1,431,598)	55,787,440
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$55,487,968	\$ -	1,549,599	510,625	26,375,897	83,924,089

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$28,136,649
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses-compensated absences (vacation and sick days), are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 changed by		(1,085,077)
Workers' compensation claims payable in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the govern funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Accrued workers' compensation claims payable June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 changed by		180,870
Retirement incentive in the Statement of Activities is measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Retirement incentive payable changed by		578,820
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability, and total other post-employment benefits obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system Other post-employment benefits obligation	(\$3,280,131) (3,093,361) (447,066)	(6,820,558)
Capital Asset Related Differences		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense and loss on disposals	\$9,852,532 (5,330,922)	4,521,610
Capital outlays related to leasing assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Intangible lease capital outlays Amortization expense	\$962,943 (364,509)	598,434
Long-Term Debt Differences		
Proceeds from leases are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds but not in the Statement of Activities.		(74,953)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		8,010,000
Repayment of energy performance contract principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		1,755,476
Repayment of lease liability principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		51,184
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds is an other financing sources in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(34,310,000)
Bond premiums from the issuance of refunding bonds is an other financing sources in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(2,690,000)
Governmental funds may report premiums, discounts, and similar items on the refunded bonds as revenues or expenditures. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was		(=,->0,000)
Amortization on bond premiums Amortization of deferred amounts on refundings	\$732,377 (108,753)	623,624
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statements of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues		22.
regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 changed by		(33,096)
Change in Net Position		(\$557,017)

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$136,975
Due from governmental funds	30,014
TOTAL ASSETS	\$166,989
Cottan Languages LIABILITIES Other liabilities Due to governmental funds	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-
NET POSITION	
Restricted	\$166,989
TOTAL NET POSITION	166,989
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$166,989

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial
ADDITIONS	
41J conversions for retiree benefits	\$45,717
Miscellaneous - flex benefits	192,670
TOTAL ADDITIONS	238,387
DEDUCTIONS	
41J disbursements for retiree benefits	77,658
Miscellaneous - flex benefits	145,133
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	222,791
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	15,596
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	151,393
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$166,989

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of Smithtown Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A) Reporting entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (the "Board") consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. The Board has authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's financial statements.

B) Joint venture:

The District is a component district in the Western Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES is organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative, program, and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

C) <u>Basis of presentation:</u>

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column includes capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of Fund Financial Statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's food service operations. The school lunch operations are supported by federal and state grants and charges to participants for its services.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for assets held by the District in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations. Other activities included in this fund are extraclassroom activities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

Fiduciary Fund: This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-Wide Financial Statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used. The District's fiduciary fund includes the custodial fund. This fund is custodial in nature. Assets are held by the District as a custodian. This fund reports certain retiree benefits offered to retirees through Section 41(j) of the New York Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL), as well as employee flexible spending accounts administered by a third party.

D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The District-Wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on bonds payable, lease liability, energy performance contract payable, compensated absences payable, retirement incentive, claims and judgments, total other post-employment benefits obligation, and net pension liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset and intangible lease asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions of leases with terms greater than one year are reported as other financing sources.

E) Real property taxes:

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than October 1, and become a lien on December 1. The District's tax levy is collected by the town of Smithtown (the "Town") along with the respective Town and Suffolk County (the "County") levies. Tax collections are remitted to the District and Town comptrollers until their respective tax levies are satisfied in accordance with the Suffolk County Tax Act.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following July 1.

F) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G) <u>Interfund transactions:</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flows. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary fund.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 11 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H) Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements, and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including lease receivable, useful life of capital assets and intangible lease assets, lease liability, compensated absences, retirement incentives, workers' compensation claims, other post-employment benefits, and net pension asset/liability.

I) Cash and cash equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits.

J) Receivables:

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K) <u>Prepaid items and inventory:</u>

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to prepay workers' compensation expenses reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

Inventory of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that prepaids and inventory do not constitute available spendable resources.

L) Capital assets:

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to 20 years. For assets acquired prior to 20 years, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals, are used. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Building & building improvements	\$1,000	Straight-line	50 years
Land improvements	\$1,000	Straight-line	20 years
Furniture & equipment	\$1,000	Straight-line	5-20 years
Vehicles	\$1,000	Straight-line	8 years

M) Intangible lease assets:

Intangible lease assets are reported at the present value of remaining future lease payments to be made during the lease term. The discount rate utilized is either the interest rate implicit within the lease agreement, or if not readily determinable, the District's estimated

incremental borrowing rate. These intangible lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which intangible lease asset acquisitions are added to the intangible lease asset accounts), amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of intangible lease assets reported in the District-Wide Financial Statements follow the same thresholds as noted above for capital assets.

N) <u>Deferred outflows and inflows of resources:</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reported deferred outflows of resources relating to the unamortized amount of deferred amounts from prior years' refunding of bonds that is being amortized as a component of interest expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the new debt which is detailed further in Note 14. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, which are detailed further in Notes 15 and 17.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 15 and 17. The District also reported deferred inflows of resources related to lease receivable, which are reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position as well as in the general fund, and is detailed further in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet will sometimes report deferred inflows of resources when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. These amounts are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, deferred inflows are classified as revenues. The District recorded \$3,968,497 in general building aid restoration as unavailable revenue in the general fund. The District-Wide Financial Statements, however, report this deferred inflow as revenue in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

O) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN) in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as liabilities of

the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent liabilities that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date, seven years if originally issued during calendar year 2015 through, and including, 2021. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve-month period thereafter.

The District has issued and redeemed \$60,000,000 in TANs in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. See Note 12 for further detail.

P) <u>Collections in advance:</u>

Collections in advance arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded.

Collections in advance consist of amounts received in advance for health insurance in the general fund and grant advances as well as meals that have not yet been purchased in the school lunch fund. See Note 9 for more detail.

Q) Employee benefits – compensated absences and retirement incentive:

Compensated absences:

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. Certain collectively bargained agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-Wide Financial Statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the Fund Financial Statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

Retirement incentive:

The District entered into agreements with eligible retirees regarding retirement incentive plans in the fiscal years 2006-2010. The agreements called for retirees to choose between a lump sum death benefit or an option which incorporated a lump sum death benefit of a lower amount plus an income stream consisting of annual payments for 10 years, beginning the 11th year after retirement. The income stream payments for the covered employees who retired from June 2006 through June 2010 were paid during the 2022-2023 school year. The District has contracted with a third party (the Hartford) to assume all liability for future payments to be made with regard to these policies, other than the income stream payments. The District has a liability for the retirement incentive income stream payments for the next 7 years, resulting in a total liability of \$2,320,000, which is reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and is detailed further in Note 13.

Beginning June 30, 2020, the District offered a retirement incentive for members of the Smithtown Teacher's Association bargaining unit which entitles eligible members of that bargaining unit who retire between June 30, 2020 – June 30, 2024, and who adhere to specific criteria defined in the collective bargaining unit, to a payment of between \$500 - \$1,000 for each completed year of service with the District. The liability for this retirement incentive is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*. The District recorded a liability of \$190,400 for this retirement incentive as of June 30, 2023, which is reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and is detailed further in Note 13.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused retirement incentives for those employees who have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30th.

R) Other benefits:

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the District-Wide Statements, the cost of post-employment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

S) Long Term Debt

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The repayment of principal and interest will be in the general fund.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums during the current period, with the face amount of debt issued reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on long-term debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

In the District-Wide financial statements, premiums received on long-term debt issuances are netted with bonds payable and amortized over the life of the bonds.

T) Equity classifications:

District-Wide Financial Statements:

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets and intangible lease assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions, or improvements of those assets, net of any unexpended proceeds and including any unamortized items (discounts, premiums, deferred amounts on refunding).

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,

contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

There are five classifications of fund balance as detailed below; however, in the Fund Financial Statements, there are four classifications of fund balance presented:

Nonspendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2023, the District has \$100,000 in the general fund for prepaid workers' compensation expense, \$10,329 in the general fund for pre-funding of the District's flexible spending account, and \$98,388 in nonspendable fund balance for inventory recorded in the school lunch fund.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District has classified the following reserves as restricted:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML§6-r), must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. In addition, a subfund of this reserve may also be created to allow for financing retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. The Teachers' Retirement System subfund is subject to contribution limits. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Liability Reserve

According to Education Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for liability claims incurred. Separate funds for liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school districts with a population greater than 125,000. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty, and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value, and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the insurance reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Capital Projects

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. Restricted for capital

in the capital projects fund includes the fund balance for projects that are funded by the capital reserve.

Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Unspent bond proceeds

Unspent long-term debt proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Restricted for scholarships and donations

Amounts restricted for scholarships and donations are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. These restricted funds are accounted in the miscellaneous special revenue fund.

Unrestricted Resources:

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., the Board). The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the District

management through Board policies. Assigned fund balance includes encumbrances not classified as restricted or committed at the end of the year.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> —Includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative fund balance.

The capital projects fund has a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$732,927. The deficit in the capital projects fund is the result of the District not obtaining permanent financing on capital improvement projects. The deficit unassigned fund balance should be eliminated once permanent financing is obtained by the District.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balances of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances included in assigned fund balance are also excluded from the 4% limitation. The District's unassigned fund balance in the general fund at June 30, 2023 is within the legal limit.

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law, or by formal action of the Board if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modifications to the applied or transferred fund balance must be approved by formal action of the Board.

The Board shall designate the authority to assign fund balances, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

Order of Use of Fund Balances

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g., expenditures related to reserves), the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or Board approved budget revision and then from the unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then to the unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Fund Financial Statements and the District-Wide Financial Statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B) <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities:</u>

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accruals basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-term debt differences:

Long-term debt differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the Fund Financial Statements, whereas interest payments are

recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A) **Budgets:**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B) Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assignments or restrictions of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These

commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS:

A) <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u>

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- A) Uncollateralized;
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution; or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

All of the District's aggregate bank balances were covered by depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name at year end.

B) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023 included \$67,865,931 within the governmental funds for general reserves, scholarships and donations purposes, and capital projects, and \$136,975 in the fiduciary fund.

C) <u>Investments:</u>

The District does not typically purchase investments for long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN BOCES:

During the fiscal year, the District was billed \$15,235,857 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,658,324. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at: Western Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services, 507 Deer Park Road, Dix Hills, New York 11746.

NOTE 6 – STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLES:

State and federal aid receivables at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

General Fund	
General aid - restored building aid	\$3,968,497
General aid	772,709
Excess cost aid	1,332,852
Medicaid	152,000
Total - General Fund	6,226,058
Special Aid Fund	
Federal aid	2,339,110
State aid	1,088,114
Total - Special Aid Fund	3,427,224
School Lunch Fund	
State breakfast	226
State lunch	5,654
Total - School Lunch Fund	5,880
Total - All Funds	\$9,659,162

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible. See Note 23 for further information on building aid restoration.

NOTE 7 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

BOCES aid	\$3,664,904
PILOT	459,885
Tuition and health services - other school districts	905,993
Total	\$5,030,782

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 8 – LEASE RECEIVABLE:

The District recognized a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources – leases, for an agreement whereby the District leases building space to another entity, with an interest rate of 0.46%, and an annual payment escalation of 3.00%. The lease receivable and associated deferred inflow of resources will be reduced as the lease revenue is earned in future periods.

Principal and interest income received for the District's lease receivable amounted to \$380,177 and \$6,571, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The following is a summary of the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the District's lease receivable:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30,	Principal	Iı	nterest	Total
2024	\$ 393,558	\$	4,794	\$ 398,352
2025	407,337		2,955	410,292
2026	421,553		1,051	422,604
	\$ 1,222,448	\$	8,800	\$ 1,231,248

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 9 – COLLECTIONS IN ADVANCE:

Collections in advance at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:	
General Fund	
Drivers education fees	\$36,180
Smithtown Teachers Association - annual rent	24,000
July rent - New Beginnings	33,196
Miscellaneous	473
Total - General Fund	93,849
School Lunch Fund	
Federal grants - supply chain assistance	225,134
Student prepaid meals	99,943
Adult prepaid meals	1,853
Total - School Lunch Fund	326,930
Total - All Funds	\$420,779

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSETS:

A) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>			
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$1,079,177			\$1,079,177
Construction in progress	3,677,658	\$9,149,554	(\$2,203,111)	10,624,101
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,756,835	9,149,554	(2,203,111)	11,703,278
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Building & building improvements	252,015,571	20,874	2,203,111	254,239,556
Land improvements	7,947,562	6,975		7,954,537
Furniture & equipment	12,485,009	615,550	(218,490)	12,882,069
Vehicles	1,940,462	59,579		2,000,041
Total capital assets being depreciated	274,388,604	702,978	1,984,621	277,076,203
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building & building improvements	114,714,257	4,542,506		119,256,763
Land improvements	6,918,299	169,475		7,087,774
Furniture & equipment	9,508,771	479,043	(218,230)	9,769,584
Vehicles	1,403,265	139,638		1,542,903
Total accumulated depreciation	132,544,592	5,330,662	(218,230)	137,657,024
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	141,844,012	(4,627,684)	2,202,851	139,419,179
Total capital assets, net	\$146,600,847	\$4,521,870	(\$260)	\$151,122,457

Depreciation expense and loss on disposals were charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$313,709
Instruction	5,001,737
Pupil transportation	1,228
Food service program	14,248
	\$5,330,922

B) Intangible Lease Assets

The following schedule summarizes the District's intangible lease asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Beginning			Retirements/		Ending		
		Balance	A	dditions	Reclassifications		Balance	
Governmental activities:								
Intangible lease assets								
Furniture & equipment	\$	1,867,478	\$	962,943	\$	(27,633)	\$	2,802,788
Total intangible lease assets being amortized		1,867,478		962,943		(27,633)		2,802,788
Less accumulated amortization:								
Furniture & equipment		254,762		364,509		(27,633)		591,638
Total accumulated amortization		254,762		364,509		(27,633)		591,638
Total intangible lease assets, net	\$	1,612,716	\$	598,434	\$		\$	2,211,150

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support \$ 364,509 \$ 364,509

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

	Interi	fund	Inter	fund	
·	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures	
General fund	\$3,662,441	\$30,088	\$42,950	\$733,836	
Special aid fund		3,466,900	709,727		
School lunch fund		70,421	24,109		
Miscellaneous special revenue fund	74				
Capital projects fund		125,120		42,950	
Total government activities	3,662,515	3,692,529	776,786	776,786	
Custodial fund	30,014				
Totals	\$3,692,529	\$3,692,529	\$776,786	\$776,786	

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund to fund the District's share of costs for the summer program for students with disabilities and the state-supported Section 4201 schools. The District transferred from the capital projects fund to the general fund to return

unused authorizations on completed projects. The District also transferred from the general fund to the school lunch fund to cover negative student account balances as of June 30, 2023.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 12 – SHORT-TERM DEBT:

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Beginning			Ending
	Maturity	Rate	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance
TAN	6/28/23	4.00%	\$ -	\$60,000,000	\$60,000,000	\$ -

This debt was issued for the purpose of providing cash flow to the general fund in anticipation of revenues from property taxes.

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$1,760,000.

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance	A 1.100	D 1 4	Balance	Amounts Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year
Long-term debt:					
Bonds payable					
Refunding bonds	\$14,025,000	\$ 34,310,000	(\$8,010,000)	\$40,325,000	\$5,505,000
Add: Premium on obligations	1,854,645	2,690,000	(732,377)	3,812,268	733,151
Total Bonds payable	15,879,645	37,000,000	(8,742,377)	44,137,268	6,238,151
Other long-term liabilities:					
Lease liability	114,187	74,953	(51,184)	137,956	49,681
Energy performance contract payable	18,942,553		(1,755,476)	17,187,077	1,808,081
Compensated absences payable	22,702,267	1,519,047	(433,970)	23,787,344	523,966
Retirement incentive payable	3,089,220		(578,820)	2,510,400	627,200
Workers' compensation claims payable	2,984,941	546,229	(727,099)	2,804,071	
Total other post-employment benefits					
obligation	362,670,835	31,457,654	(97,163,978)	296,964,511	
Net pension liability-proportionate share - ERS	=	16,905,416		16,905,416	
Net pension liability-proportionate share - TRS		11,714,856		11,714,856	
Total Long-term liabilities	\$426,383,648	\$99,218,155	(\$109,452,904)	\$416,148,899	\$9,247,079

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, lease liability, energy performance contract payable, compensated absences payable, retirement incentive payable, workers' compensation claims payable, other post-employment benefits obligation, and net pension liabilities.

A) Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is composed of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding	
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	at June 30,2023	
Refunding serial bond	5/17/2013	10/15/2024	2.00-5.00%	\$ 7,890,000	-
Serial bond	10/4/2022	6/30/2037	4.00-5.00%	32,435,000	
				\$40,325,000	_

Unissued Debt

On September 28, 2021 voters approved a bond authorization for a total estimated cost not to exceed \$120,000,000 to finance various districtwide capital improvement projects. On

October 4, 2022 the District issued serial bonds in the amount of \$37,000,000 with a par amount of \$34,310,000 as part of this bond referendum approved by voters, which bears an interest rate of 4.00% - 5.00%, and included a net premium on issuance of \$2,694,805, leaving authorized but unissued debt of \$83,000,000 as of June 30, 2023.

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year Ended

June 30,		Principal		Principal		Interest	Total
2024	\$	5,505,000	\$	1,831,525	\$ 7,336,525		
2025		5,785,000		1,551,275	7,336,275		
2026		1,830,000		1,363,150	3,193,150		
2027		1,920,000		1,271,650	3,191,650		
2028		2,015,000		1,175,650	3,190,650		
2029-2033		11,705,000		4,260,750	15,965,750		
2034-2037		11,565,000		1,207,650	12,772,650		
		\$40,325,000	9	\$12,661,650	\$52,986,650		

Upon default of the payment of principal or interest on the serial bonds of the District, the bond holders have the right to litigate and the New York State Comptroller is required, under the conditions and to the extent prescribed by Section 99-b of the New York State Finance Law, to withhold state aid and assistance of the District and apply the amount so withheld to the payment of the defaulted principal or interest with respect to the serial bonds.

B) Premiums on Bonds:

Premiums on bonds, net of accumulated amortization, are reported as a component of bonds payable, and amounted to \$3,812,268 at June 30, 2023. This represents premiums received on the 2013 bond refunding and 2022 bond issuance. These premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over the respective lives of the bonds. Amortization is recorded as a reduction in interest expense on the District-Wide Statement of Activities. As of June 30, 2023, the premiums recorded in the District-Wide Financial Statements consisted of:

<u>20</u>	13 Refunding	<u>20</u>	22 Issuance	<u>Total</u>
\$	6,825,960	\$	2,690,000	\$9,515,960
	(5,566,135)		(137,557)	(5,703,692)
\$	1,259,825	\$	2,552,443	\$3,812,268
	\$	\$ 6,825,960 (5,566,135)	\$ 6,825,960 \$ (5,566,135)	(5,566,135) (137,557)

C) Lease Liability

The District recognizes a lease liability obligation and an intangible lease asset for agreements whereby the District obtains the right to the present service capacity of an underlying asset and the right to determine the nature and manner of an underlying asset's use for a period of one year or greater. The District has entered into such lease agreements for various copiers and other equipment items with interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 3.549%.

Principal and interest expense paid on the District's lease liability amounted to \$51,184 and \$737, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The following is a summary of the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the District's leases:

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June 30,	l	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2024	\$	49,681	\$	1,251	\$ 50,932
2025		50,091		842	50,933
2026		18,357		493	18,850
2027		12,965		277	13,242
2028		6,862		73	6,935
	\$	137,956	\$	2,936	\$ 140,892

D) Energy Performance Contract Payable

Energy performance contract payable is composed of the following:

Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Date	Maturity	Rate	at June 30, 2023
9/9/2013	3/9/2025	2.850%	\$766,144
2/19/2019	6/15/2033	3.030%	16,420,933
			\$17,187,077
	Date 9/9/2013	Date Maturity 3/9/2025	Date Maturity Rate 9/9/2013 3/9/2025 2.850%

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance contract:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,808,081	\$ 516,718	\$ 2,324,799
2025	1,862,262	462,536	2,324,798
2026	1,518,426	409,557	1,927,983
2027	1,564,434	363,549	1,927,983
2028	1,611,836	316,146	1,927,982
2029-2033	8,822,038	817,875	9,639,913
Total	\$ 17,187,077	\$ 2,886,381	\$ 20,073,458

E) Long-Term Interest

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$2,188,977
Plus interest accrued in the current year	237,414
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(204,318)
Plus amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	108,753
Less amortization of premium	(732,377)
Total expense	\$1,598,449

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON REFUNDINGS:

The deferred amounts on refundings recorded in the District-Wide Financial Statements as deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Total Years	Initial Amount	Amortization	Balance at		
	Amortized	at Refunding	To Date	June 30, 2023		
2011 Bond Refunding	12	\$ 2,001,924	\$ 2,001,924	\$ -		
2013 Bond Refunding	13.5	1,164,847	949,858	214,989		
Total Deferred amounts on refunding		\$ 3,166,771	\$ 2,951,782	\$ 214,989		

The deferred amounts on the refundings are being amortized over the lives of the refunding bonds. Amortization is included as a component of interest expense on the District-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 15 – PENSION PLANS:

A) Provisions and Administration:

i) Teachers' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10-member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors, and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ii) Employees' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple –employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all new assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany NY 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire.

B) Funding Policies:

The Systems are noncontributory, except as follows:

- 1. New York State Teachers' Retirement System:
 - a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
 - b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010, before April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute 3.5% of their salary throughout active membership.
 - c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.
- 2. New York State Employees' Retirement System
 - a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
 - b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010, before April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary throughout active membership.
 - c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.

For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund, for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District's contribution rates for ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, ranged from 8.30% to 17.50% of covered payroll.

Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for TRS. The District's contribution rate for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 10.29% of covered payroll.

The District's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years based on covered payroll for the District's year end were:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
2023	\$3,458,213	\$11,438,712
2022	\$3,965,047	\$10,599,174
2021	\$4,188,409	\$9,844,136

C) <u>Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (16,905,416)	\$ (11,714,856)
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0788351%	0.610501%
Change in proportion since		
prior measurement date	-0.0006681%	-0.0018240%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,713,421 for TRS and pension expense of \$6,544,256, for ERS. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources ERS TRS			<u>D</u>	eferred Inflo ERS	ows of Resources TRS		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,800,559	\$	12,275,686	\$	474,768	\$	234,745
Changes of assumptions		8,210,360		22,724,839		90,740		4,719,075
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		15,136,705		99,319		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,633,627		21,031		221,677		677,314
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,117,872	_	11,438,712		200.501		
	\$	12,762,418	\$	61,596,973	\$	886,504	\$	5,631,134

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/(liability) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>			<u>TRS</u>
ded:				
			\$	8,528,177
	\$	2,711,549		4,414,518
		(487,554)		(2,003,302)
		3,786,790		29,684,174
		4,747,257		3,735,287
				168,273
Total	\$	10,758,042	\$	44,527,127
		\$	\$ 2,711,549 (487,554) 3,786,790 4,747,257	\$ 2,711,549 (487,554) 3,786,790 4,747,257

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/(liability) to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18% - 1.95%
Cost of living adjustments	1.5% annually	1.3%, annually
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 -	July 1, 2015 -
	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020, System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized below:

]	<u>ERS</u>	,	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement Date	March	March 31, 2023		30, 2022
		Long-term		Long-term
	<u>Target</u>	expected real	<u>Target</u>	expected real
Asset type	Allocation	rate of return	Allocation	rate of return
Domestic equity	32%	4.30%	33%	6.50%
International equity	15%	6.85%	16%	7.20%
Global equity			4%	6.90%
Private equity	10%	7.50%	8%	9.90%
Real estate	9%	4.60%	11%	6.20%
Opportunistic/absolute return strategy	3%	5.38%		
Credit	4%	5.43%		
Real assets	3%	5.84%		
Fixed income	23%	1.50%		
Cash	1%	0.00%		
Domestic fixed income securities			16%	1.10%
Global bonds			2%	0.60%
High-yield bonds			1%	3.30%
Private debt			2%	5.30%
Real estate debt			6%	2.40%
Cash equivalents			1%	-0.30%
	100%		100%	

The expected real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumptions of 2.50% for ERS, and 2.40% for TRS.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset (liability) was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/(liability).

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were

calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
ERS	(4.9%)	(5.9%)	(6.9%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension asset/(liability)	(\$40,853,140)	(\$16,905,416)	\$3,105,693
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
TRS	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension asset/(liability)	(\$108,016,464)	(\$11,714,856)	\$69,274,165

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (232,627,259)	\$ (133,883,474)	
Plan fiduciary net position	211,183,223	131,964,582	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)	
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the			
Employers' total pension liability	90.78%	98.57%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$1,117,872.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept, with a balance to be paid by the District, if necessary. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$12,124,960.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS - OTHER:

A) <u>Tax Sheltered Annuities:</u>

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain termination payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$433,970 and \$5,617,209, respectively.

B) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan:</u>

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for some employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$829,617.

NOTE 17 – POST-EMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS:

New York State Health Insurance Plan – Empire Plan (NYSHIP)

A) General Information about the OPEB Plan:

Plan Description

The District's OPEB Plan (the "OPEB Plan"), defined as a single employer defined benefit plan, primarily provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the New York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP), and are administered by Emblem Health. Effective January 1, 2020, Empire Blue Cross Blue Shield was no longer offered. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the District to contribute 50% for individual or family coverage for the Smithtown Schools Administrators' Association, 74% of individual, and 59% of family coverage for other bargaining units, and 0% of the premiums for surviving spouses. The District recognizes the cost of the OPEB Plan annually as expenditures in the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. For measurement period ending June 30, 2022, the District contributed an estimated \$67,957 to the Plan, including \$67,957 for current premiums and \$0 to prefund benefits. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund the OPEB Plan by any other means than the "pay as you go" method.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the date of the last full valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	8
Active employees	4
Total	12

B) Total OPEB Liability:

The District's total OPEB liability of \$1,589,216 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.90%

Salary increases 4.40%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.54%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-65 medical/hospital/retiree contributions 5.50% decreasing by 0.5% per year until an ultimate

trend of 4.5% is reached

Post-65 medical/hospital/retiree contributions

Medicare Part B 4.50%

The discount rate was based on the yield of the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as shown in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study done by the Office of the Actuary of New York State Employees' Retirement System, and used for the ERS 2022 actuarial valuation.

C) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,904,121
Changes for the fiscal year:		_
Service cost		33,799
Interest		41,130
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(321,877)
Benefit payments		(67,957)
Net changes		(314,905)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,589,216
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net changes	<u> </u>	(67,957 (314,905

There were no significant plan changes since the last valuation.

Changes of assumptions include the change in the discount rate from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021, to 3.54% as of June 30, 2022. The mortality improvement scale assumption used in this valuation was changed to match the 2022 NYS ERS actuarial valuation and review.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-

percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	\$1,816,008	\$1,589,216	\$1,401,785

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$1,391,792	\$1,589,216	\$1,830,300

D) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense (credit) of (\$376,138). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Defe</u>	erred Outflows of Resources	rred Inflows Resources
Payments subsequent to the measurement date	\$	45,689	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	190,372
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		122,387	 289,687
	\$	168,076	\$ 480,059

Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (235,104)
2025	(105,305)
2026	(17,263)
2026	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (357,672)

Suffolk School Employees Health Plan (SSEHP):

A) General Information about the OPEB Plan:

Plan Description

The District primarily provides post-employment hospital, medical and prescription drug benefit coverage to retired employees and their spouses and eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

On January 1, 1992, the District joined together with other districts to form an employee health insurance consortium, the Suffolk School Employees Health Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and health insurance program and is considered an agent multiple-employer health plan. The

Plan is administered by United Health Care. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its health insurance coverage. The Plan has obtained stop-loss insurance to reduce its exposure to excessive losses resulting from large covered claims. Although stop-loss insurance permits recovery of a portion of such losses from the insurance carrier, it does not discharge the Plan's responsibility for payment of the claim. The Plan also permits the assessment of additional contributions from the participating District employers in the form of supplemental assessments in the event of a plan shortfall in any fiscal year. The plan issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Insurance Department Life Insurance Companies Bureau, 160 West Broadway, New York, NY 10013. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

The Plan established a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments or losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claim costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, prescription and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the District to contribute between 59% and 80% of premiums for retirees and for family coverage depending on the coverage selected and date of retirement. The District recognizes the cost of the Plan annually as expenditures in the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. For measurement period ending December 31, 2022, the District contributed an estimated \$7,942,131 to the Plan, including \$7,942,131 for current premiums and \$0 to prefund benefits. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund OPEB by any other means than the "pay as you go" method.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2022, the date of the last full valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,235
Active employees	1,044
Total_	2,279

B) <u>Total OPEB Liability:</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$295,375,295 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.90%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.72%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-65 medical/retiree contirbutions 5.5% decreasing by 0.5% per year to an ultimate

trend of 4.5% is reached

Post-65 medical 4.5%

Prescription drug 6.5% decreasing by 0.5% per year until an ultimate

trend of 4.5% is reached

Administrative costs 3.0%

The discount rate was based on the yield on 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as shown in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index as of December 31, 2022.

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study done by the Office of the Actuary of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System as shown in its "Report on the 2022 Recommended Actuarial Assumptions" dated October 19, 2021 and used for the TRS valuation as of June 30, 2021.

C) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 360,766,714
Changes for the fiscal year:	
Service cost	15,132,431
Interest	7,662,135
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	8,588,159
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(88,832,013)
Benefit payments	(7,942,131)
Net changes	(65,391,419)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 295,375,295

There were no significant plan changes since the last valuation.

The discount rate used for the valuation was changed from 2.06% as of December 31, 2021 to 3.72% as of December 31, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.72%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.72%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.72%)	(3.72%)	(4.72%)
Total OPEB liability	\$344,877,392	\$295,375,295	\$255,412,025

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$247,354,926	\$295,375,295	\$357,600,748

D) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$8,984,617. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		d Outflows of	 erred Inflows of
	<u>Re</u>	esources esources	Resources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	4,970,701	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience		14,698,243	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		38,621,701	 145,983,609
	\$	58,290,645	\$ 145,983,609

Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (11,497,295)
2025	(12,421,897)
2026	(23,931,250)
2027	(28,540,564)
2028	(14,828,005)
2029	(1,444,654)
	\$ (92,663,665)

NOTE 18 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES:

The District expects to appropriate the following amounts from reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2023 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget and reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2024:

Dental	\$ 250,000
Retirement Contribution	
Employees' retirement system	2,650,000
Teachers' retirement system	2,000,000
Employee benefit accrued liability	770,000
	\$ 5,670,000

NOTE 19 – ASSIGNED: APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE:

The amount of \$1,500,000 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTE 20 – RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL RESERVE:

The following is a summary of the District's restricted capital reserve activity since inception:

Capital Reserve

Date Created	2022
Number of Years to Fund	10
Maxium Funding	\$25,000,000
	(plus investment income)
General Fund	Total
Funding Provided	\$3,050,000
Interest Earnings	47,794
Use of Reserve	
Total General Fund	3,097,794
Capital Fund	
Funding Provided	-
Use of Reserve	<u> </u>
Total Capital Projects Fund	
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$3,097,794

NOTE 21 – TAX ABATEMENTS:

The Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, established by Article 18-A of General Municipal Law of New York State, under the authority of New York State General Municipal Law Section 911-A, entered into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development and general prosperity and economic welfare of the County. The District's property tax revenue was reduced by \$1,465,302 for these programs. The District received Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$965,844 for these programs during the fiscal year.

NOTE 22 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A) General:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B) Consortiums and Self-Insured Plans:

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for reported claims which were incurred on or before year-end but not paid. Liabilities do not include an amount for claims which were incurred on or before year-end but not reported (IBNR). As of June 30, 2023, the District has estimated potential workers' compensation claims of \$2,804,071 and has a workers' compensation reserve balance of \$2,328,126. The program is accounted for in the general fund of the District.

Claims activity is summarized below:

	2023	2022
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$2,984,944	\$3,368,521
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	546,229	555,269
Claims payments	(727,102)	(938,846)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$2,804,071	\$2,984,944

The District has chosen to establish a self-funded dental benefit program for its employees. The benefit programs administrator is responsible for the approval, processing and payment of claims, after which they bill the District for reimbursement. The District is

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The benefit program reports on a fiscal year ending June 30. The program is accounted for in the general fund of the District.

C) Public Entity Risk Pool:

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its District property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 23 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A) Grants:

The District has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B) <u>Litigation:</u>

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

C) <u>Encumbrances:</u>

The following encumbrances are classified as restricted or assigned in the governmental funds at June 30, 2023:

General Fund:

General support	\$1,874,582
Instructional	134,636
Total General Fund	\$2,009,218

School Lunch Fund:

Food service program \$88,410

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

D) **Building aid restoration:**

The District had a loss of building aid due to the District's late filing of the final building project reports for four capital projects with the State Education Department in previous years. Section 31 of Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2012 provides for amnesty for late filed final cost reports. Under this provision, rather than losing all building aid associated with these projects, a late filing penalty was assessed. The District has filed the necessary paperwork for building aid restoration. The estimated amount of aid to be restored, according to the State Education Department, is as follows:

Total aid	\$7,949,689
Penalty	(304,044)
Total aid, net of penalty	7,645,645
Total aid recognized as of June 30, 2023	3,677,148
Total building aid restoration receivable at June 30, 2023	\$3,968,497

NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Management of the District evaluated events through October 5, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and noted the following:

- A) On September 26, 2023, the District issued a tax anticipation note in the amount of \$56,000,000, which is due June 27, 2024, which bears an interest rate of 4.50%, and a premium of \$291,816.
- B) On September 28, 2021 residents within the Smithtown Central School District approved a \$120 million bond referendum for various district-wide capital improvements. The bond will not increase taxes, as new payments for the related work will replace expiring debt payments. Therefore, no new tax revenue will be needed to support the bond payments. The bond referendum prioritizes safety and security, renovates and repairs aging facilities, and continues to provide opportunities for student success. On September 22, 2022 the District issued \$37,000,000 in serial bonds with a par amount of \$34,310,000 as part of this bond referendum approved by voters, which bears an interest rate of 4.00% 5.00%, and includes a net premium on issuance of \$2,694,805. The District plans to issue additional serial bonds in the amount of \$28,000,000 in October of 2023, which will leave authorized but unissued debt at that time of \$55,000,000.



SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
REVENUES				
Local sources				
Real property taxes	\$195,439,293	\$195,943,991	\$195,937,737	(\$6,254)
Other real property tax items	12,902,341	12,397,643	12,463,291	65,648
Charges for services	2,150,000	2,150,000	2,473,703	323,703
Use of money & property	585,744	585,744	4,684,668	4,098,924
Forfeiture of deposit	3,500	3,500	100	(3,400)
Sale of property				
& compensation for loss	287,500	287,500	259,379	(28,121)
Miscellaneous	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,270,217	70,217
State sources				
Basic formula	30,121,652	30,121,652	29,208,650	(913,002)
Excess cost aid	6,818,527	6,818,527	7,305,876	487,349
Lottery aid	7,667,134	7,667,134	9,033,325	1,366,191
Commercial Gaming aid	290,000	290,000	218,835	(71,165)
BOCES aid	3,053,130	3,053,130	3,658,324	605,194
Textbook aid	500,793	500,793	503,455	2,662
Computer software/hardware aid	223,665	223,665	224,064	399
Library A/V Loan Program Aid	56,815	56,815	54,715	(2,100)
Tuition for students with disabilities	-	-	204,406	204,406
Other state aid	-	-	99,074	99,074
Federal sources	200,000	200,000	429,119	229,119
Other financing sources				
Interfund transfers		-	42,950	42,950
TOTAL REVENUES	261,500,094	261,500,094	\$268,071,888	\$6,571,794
Appropriated fund balance	1,500,000	1,500,000		
Appropriated reserves	7,257,163	7,472,554		
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED				
FUND BALANCE AND RESERVES	\$270,257,257	\$270,472,648		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES					
General Support					
Board of education	\$202,124	\$202,965	\$196,394		\$6,571
Central administration	698,562	702,558	692,539		10,019
Finance	1,986,791	1,998,900	1,992,591	\$208	6,101
Staff	1,608,905	1,506,670	1,498,589		8,081
Central services	19,824,655	20,478,317	18,559,813	1,874,374	44,130
Special items	2,239,600	2,243,970	2,242,380		1,590
Total General Support	26,560,637	27,133,380	25,182,306	1,874,582	76,492
Instruction					
Instruction, adm. & imp.	15,931,406	15,203,032	15,142,126	10,156	50,750
Teaching - regular school	78.322.382	77,301,288	77,182,272	7,996	111,020
Programs for children with	10,322,302	77,301,200	77,162,272	7,990	111,020
handicapping conditions	36,456,892	36,626,995	36,612,924		14,071
Occupational education	2,580,497	2,693,689	2,691,155	685	1,849
Teaching special schools	97,580	26,828	25,838	003	990
Instructional media	6,844,994	6,654,036	6,601,933	39,085	13,018
Pupil services	12,706,982	12,542,571	12,432,515	76,714	33,342
Total Instruction	152,940,733	151.048,439	150.688,763	134,636	225,040
-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		131,030	
Pupil Transportation	18,772,286	19,467,941	19,453,876		14,065
Community Services	2,250	2,250			2,250
Employee Benefits	58,883,676	58,321,164	58,319,333		1,831
Debt Service					
Debt service principal	10,030,477	9,816,660	9,816,660		=
Debt service interest	2,477,198	3,948,978	3,948,977		1
Total Debt Service	12,507,675	13,765,638	13,765,637		1
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	269,667,257	269,738,812	267,409,915	2,009,218	319,679
Other financing uses					
Transfers to other funds	590,000	733,836	733,836		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$270,257,257	\$270,472,648	268,143,751	\$2,009,218	\$319,679
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			(71,863)		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR			55,559,831		
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR			\$55,487,968		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEUDLE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL, OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 39,

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
	SSEHP	NYSHIP	SSEHP	NYSHIP	SSEHP	NYSHIP	SSEHP	NYSHIP	SSEHP	NYSHIP	SSEHP	NYSHIP
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$15,132,431	833,799	\$16,831,110	\$71,647	\$13,910,435	\$47,976	\$8,514,302	\$94,608	\$10,677,547	\$122,344	89,390,580	\$238,212
Interest	7,662,135	41,130	9,536,964	53,588	10,576,440	68,011	11,538,189	163,310	10,365,657	153,504	11,664,594	141,959
Changes of benefit terms	•	•	•	•	1	•	í	(1,541,103)	•	1	•	1
Differences between expected and actual experience	8,588,159	•	4,803,837	(384,096)	1	1	15,199,668	(796,400)		1	15,687,325	(285,459)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(88,832,013)	(321,877)	(98,942,826)	(157,021)	45,041,874	413,789	63,289,967	(143,627)	(33,661,079)	(221,576)	(27,107,926)	(685,177)
Benefit payments	(7,942,131)	(67,957)	(8,929,272)	(65,918)	(8,250,015)	(77,512)	(7,546,419)	(126,067)	(6,974,821)	(117,286)	(8,017,571)	(89,180)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(\$65,391,419)	(\$314,905)	(76,700,187)	(481,800)	61,278,734	452,264	90,995,707	(2,349,279)	(19,592,696)	(63,014)	1,617,002	(679,645)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$360,766,714	\$1,904,121	437,466,901	\$2,385,921	376,188,167	1,933,657	285,192,460	4,282,936	304,785,156	4,345,950	303,168,154	5,025,595
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$295,375,295	\$1,589,216	\$360,766,714	\$1,904,121	\$437,466,901	\$2,385,921	\$376,188,167	\$1,933,657	\$285,192,460	\$4,282,936	\$304,785,156	\$4,345,950
Covered employee payroll	\$133,856,087	\$249,588	\$131,491,576	\$437,929	\$124,801,109	\$642,072	\$122,197,100	\$943,371	\$118,378,764	\$1,137,053	\$115,206,314	\$1,011,023
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	220.67%	636.74%	274.36%	434.80%	350.53%	371.60%	307.85%	204.97%	240.92%	376.67%	264.56%	429.86%

Notes to Schedule:

Trust Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Suffolk School Employees Health Plan - SSEHP

The demographic assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation (including mortality, turnover and retirement) were changed to match the 2021 NYS TRS Actuarial Valuation and Review.

The discount rate used for the valuation was 4.10% as of December 31, 2018, 2.74% as of December 31, 2019, 2.12% as of December 31, 2020, 2.06% as of December 31, 2021, and 3.72% as of December 31, 2020.

New York State Health Insurance Plan - NYSHIP (HMO)

The demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation (including mortality, turnover and retirement) were changed to match the 2022 NYS ERS Actuarial Valuation and Review.

The discount rate used for the valuation was 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, 3.5% as of June 30, 2019, 2.21% as of June 30, 2020, 2.16% as of June 30, 2021, and 3.54% as of June 30, 2022.

The amounts presented for the fiscal years are as of the measurement dates of the Plans.

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DSITRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSEET/(LIABILITY) FOR THE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

				NYSI	NYSERS Pension Plan							
	Ø.	2023	61	<u>2022</u>	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0	0.0788351%	0	0.0781670%	0.0778518%	0.0817870%	0.0853507%	0.0852733%	0.0859617%	0.089255%	0.0884900%	0.0884900%
District's proportionate share of the net pension $\operatorname{asset}(\operatorname{liability})$	s (16	(16,905,416)	S	6,389,824	\$ (77,520)	\$ (21,657,674)	\$ (6,047,358)	\$ (2,752,149)		\$ (8,077,155) \$ (14,325,756)	\$ (2,989,409)	\$ (3,998,740)
District's covered payroll	\$	31,631,565	\$	31,429,312	\$ 29,418,602	\$ 29,655,093	\$ 28,736,184	\$ 29,101,404	\$ 28,101,660	\$ 27,988,998	\$ 27,642,731	\$ 26,804,814
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		53.44%		20.33%	0.26%	73.03%	21.04%	9.46%	28.74%	51.18%	10.81%	14.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.78%		103.65%	%56'66	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	%89'06	%56'16	97.20%
				ISAN	NYSTRS Pension Plan							
	2	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0	0.610501%	0	0.608677%	0.592318%	0.591576%	0.591777%	0.589709%	0.581748%	0.588488%	0.585781%	0.590478%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	s (I)	(11,714,856)	\$ 10	105,477,844	\$ (16,367,340)	\$ 15,369,194	\$ 10,700,896	\$ 4,482,376	\$ (6,230,768)	\$ 61,125,115	\$ 65,252,313	\$ 3,886,841
District's covered payroll	\$ 109	\$ 109,072,770	S 10	104,112,442	\$101,331,666	\$ 99,921,409	\$ 97,358,360	\$ 94,513,199	\$ 90,855,039	\$ 86,386,552	\$ 86,362,902	\$ 87,509,573
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset'(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		10.74%		101.31%	16.15%	15.38%	10.99%	4.74%	6.86%	70.76%	75.56%	4.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)		%09.86		113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

Note to Required Supplementary Information

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement dates of the plans.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System</u>
The discounted rate remained at 6.95% as reflected in 2022 and 2023 above

Employees' Retirement System The discounted rate remained at 5.90% as reflected in 2022 and 2023 above

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DSITRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

					NYSERS Pension Plan	ension Plan					
	2023	2022	2021	$\frac{2020}{}$	2019	2018	$\frac{2017}{}$	2016		<u>2015</u>	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,458,213	3,965,047	\$ 4,188,409	\$ 3,986,074	\$ 3,974,845	\$ 3,883,522	\$ 3,854,446	\$ 4,4	4,443,231 \$	4,746,625	\$ 4,899,841
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,458,213	3,965,047	4,188,409	3,986,074	3,974,845	3,883,522	3,854,446	4,4	4,443,231	4,746,625	4,899,841
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	· •	- S	· ·	- -	\$	-	1	-
District's covered payroll	\$31,782,735	\$31,203,667	\$30,087,334	\$30,266,799	\$28,930,943	\$26,368,195	\$26,278,333	\$26,15	\$26,150,541 \$	25,953,219	\$ 25,479,557
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.88%	12.71%	13.92%	13.17%	13.74%	14.73%	14.67%	16.99%	, 0	18.29%	19.23%
					NYSTRS P	NYSTRS Pension Plan					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,438,712	\$ 11,438,712 \$ 10,599,174	\$ 9,844,136	\$ 8,907,412	\$ 10,484,465	\$ 9,446,602	\$ 10,952,279	\$ 11,90	11,903,452 \$	15,496,330	\$ 14,060,950
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	11,438,712	10,599,174	9,844,136	8,907,412	10,484,465	9,446,602	10,952,279	11,90	11,903,452	15,496,330	14,060,950
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	- -	- -	· •	٠	-	-	÷	-		-
District's covered payroll	111,961,268	109,072,770	\$ 104,112,442	\$ 101,331,666	\$ 99,921,409	\$ 97,358,360	\$ 94,513,199	\$ 90,8	\$ 650,855,036	86,386,552	\$ 86,362,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.22%	9.72%	9.46%	8.79%	10.49%	9.70%	11.59%	13.10%	, 0	17.94%	16.28%

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$267,786,882
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	2,470,375
Original Budget	270,257,257
Budget Revisions:	
Increase in appropriated workers' compensation reserve Increase in appropriated unemployment insurance reserve Increase in appropriated insurance reserve Increase in appropriated retirement contribution reserve Decrease in appropriated employee benefit accrued liability reserve	92,933 12,253 8,931 134,897 (33,623)
Final Budget	\$270,472,648
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION	
2023-2024 voter approved expenditure budget	\$280,642,272
Maximum allowed (4% of 2023-2024 budget)	\$11,225,691
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	
Assigned fund balance 3,509,218 Unassigned fund balance 11,220,567 Total unrestricted fund balance	14,729,785
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances Total adjustments 1,500,000 2,009,218	3,509,218
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	\$11,220,567
Actual percentage	4.00%

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

			Expendit	Expenditures and Transfers to Date	ers to Date			Methods o	Methods of Financing		Fund
Project Title	Prior Year Appropriation	Current Appropriation	Prior Year's	Current Year Capital Outlay	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital Reserve 2018-19 Great Hollow MS Renovations	\$ 2,124,980	\$ 2,152,140	\$ 2,140,597	\$ 62,514	\$ 2,2	\$ (50,971)	s	∞.	s 2,203,111	\$ 2,203,111	s
Unallocated	44,899	42,950		42,950		1			42,950	42,950	
Total Capital Reserve 2018-19	\$ 2,169,879	\$ 2,195,090	\$ 2,140,597	\$ 105,464	\$ 2,246,061	\$ (50,971)	-	\$	\$ 2,246,061	\$ 2,246,061	S
Bond 2021 Phase 1			•								
Smithtown Elementary	S	\$ 1,977,166	\$ 78,257	\$ 729,934	\$ 808,191	\$ 1,168,975	\$ 2,055,423	S	S	\$ 2,055,423	\$ 1,247,232
St. James Elementary I		345,316	_	191,514		26,653	472,465			472,465	153.802
St. James Elementary II		2,188,773	91,964	102,972		1,993,837	2.280,737			2,280,737	2,085,801
HSE Fieldhouse		1,592,467	18,153	1,444,033	Ť	130,281	1,610,620			1,610,620	148,434
High School East		5,289,863	163,110	415,083		4,711,670	5,452,973			5,452,973	4,874,780
Dogwood Elementary		839,333	25,296	81,508		732,529	864,629			864,629	757,825
Mt. Pleasant Elementary		869,408	26,410	84,615	111,025	758,383	895,818			895,818	784,793
Great Hollow MS		1,268,058	72,587	19,624	92,211	1,175,847	1,340,645			1,340,645	1,248,434
Mills Pond Elementary		876,875	30,127	78,574	108,701	768,174	907,002			907,002	798,301
Accompsett Elementary		1,080,472	24,004	98,934	122,938	957,534	1,104,476			1,104,476	981,538
Tackan Elementary		935,768	28,612	97,608	126,220	809,548	964,380			964,380	838,160
Nesaquake MS		1,641,111	56,393	27,722	84,115	1,556,996	1,697,504			1,697,504	1,613,389
Accompsett MS		1,370,821	53,115	25,359	78,474	1,292,347	1,423,936			1,423,936	1,345,462
High School West I		3,755,753	205,025	11,753	216,778	3,538,975	3,960,778			3,960,778	3,744,000
High School West II		9,286,503	278,902	3,868,605	4	5,138,996	9,565,405			9,565,405	5,417,898
HSW Fieldhouse		1,186,213	9,904	1,038,326	1,048,230	137,983	1,196,117			1,196,117	147,887
HSW Grounds Storage		299,803.31	8,528	277,476	286,004	13,799	308,332			308,332	22,328
Unallocated		898,760				898,760	898,760			898,760	898,760
Total Bond 2021 Phase 1		\$ 35,702,464	\$ 1,297,536	\$ 8,593,640	\$ 9,891,176	\$ 25,811,288	\$ 37,000,000	S	- 8	\$ 37,000,000	\$ 27,108,824
Bond 2021 Phase 2			ı								
Smithtown Elementary	S	•	\$ 51,750	\$ 103,743	\$ 15	\$ (155,493)	~	S	S		\$ (155,493)
St. James Elementary II				6,800	6,800	(008'9)				•	(008'9)
HSE Fieldhouse				1,415		(1,415)				ı	(1,415)
Commissary/Wrhse 2			3,250			(3,250)				•	(3,250)
High School East			60,197	120,395	_	(180,592)				•	(180,592)
Mt. Pleasant Elementary			8,750	17,906		(26,656)				•	(26,656)
Great Hollow MS			100,579	206,215	(C)	(306,794)				•	(306,794)
Nesaquake MS			15,000	30,000	7	(45,000)				•	(45,000)
High School West						(6,927)					(6,927)
Total Bond 2021 Phase 2	. s		\$ 239,526	\$ 493,401	\$ 732,927	\$ (732,927)	S	\$	S	8	\$ (732,927)
Leases		\$ 74,953		\$ 74,953	\$ 74,953	ı	\$ 74,953			\$ 74,953	
Total - All Projects	\$ 2,169,879	\$ 37,972,507	\$ 3,677,659	\$ 9,267,458	\$ 12,945,117	\$ 25,027,390	\$ 37,074,953	s	\$ 2,246,061	\$ 39,321,014	\$ 26,375,897

^{*} Deficit fund balance will be eliminated when proceeds of obligations are received.

SMITHTOWN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Capital assets, net Intangible lease assets, net		\$151,122,457 2,211,150
Add: Deferred amounts on refundings		214,989
Deduct:		
Short-term bonds payable, inclusive of premium	\$6,238,151	
Long-term bonds payable, inclusive of premium	37,899,117	
Less: unspent bond proceeds	(27,108,824)	17,028,444
Short-term energy performance debt payable	\$1,808,081	
Long-term energy performance debt payable	15,378,996	\$17,187,077
Short-term lease liability	\$49,681	
Long-term lease liability	88,275	\$137,956
Net investment in capital assets		\$119,195,119





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Smithtown Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Smithtown Central School District (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 5, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP

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Islandia, NY

October 5, 2023